



Section A		15
Section B		15
Total		30

NAME: _____
GRADE 6: _____
PARENT SIGNATURE: _____

EXAMINER: Mr Wicks
SUBJECT HEAD: Mrs Nathie
TOTAL MARKS: 30 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Write neatly and legibly.
- Take note of the mark allocation for each question.
- Read all instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- GOOD LUCK!

Section A

15 marks

Question 1

5 marks

Fill in the missing words provided in the block below

peer pressure	harass	cynophobia	xenophobia
respect	bully	mediator	discrimination

1.1) When people force you into doing something that you don't feel comfortable with, it is known as _____.

1.2) A _____ is someone who tries to resolve issues or arguments.

1.3) The term, _____, means to treat others with understanding and care.

1.4) A strong dislike towards a person from another country is known as _____.

1.5) To _____ someone means to continuously bother them.

Question 2

6 marks

Match the following terms with the correct definitions. Write the correct letter next to the correct number.
eg. 2.1- H.

2.1	Skill	A	When something sparks your curiosity and you want to find out more about it.
2.2	Rites of passage	B	Ceremonies that mark important life changes.
2.3	Prioritise	C	The belief that you are loved and respected.
2.4	Positive Body Image	D	Doing something well after continuous practise.
2.5	Interest	E	Viewing oneself in a negative way.
2.6	Paraphrase	F	To quote what you have read in your own words.
		G	Deciding what the most important thing to do is.

2.1) _____

2.2) _____

2.3) _____

2.4) _____

2.5) _____

2.6) _____

**Questions 3**

4 marks

Your teacher wants to select a mediator in her classroom but doesn't know who to pick. List **FOUR** skills needed to be a good mediator.

Section B

15 marks

Question 1

Read the following case study and answer the questions that follow **using full sentences**.

Stages of Life in African Traditional Culture

In many African Traditional Cultures, important life stages are celebrated with meaningful rituals that bring families and communities together. When baby Naledi was born, her family celebrated her arrival by sacrificing a goat to thank the ancestors and welcome her into the world. As Naledi grew older, she eventually met someone and got married. Her wedding was a joyful event, but before the celebration, both families met to negotiate *lobola*, a traditional bride price that shows respect to the bride's family. Years later, when Naledi's grandfather passed away, the family honoured his life by holding a vigil the night before the funeral. Relatives and friends gathered around his body, singing and praying to comfort the spirit and say goodbye.

- 1.1)** According to the case study, state the THREE stages of life commonly found in the African Traditional Culture. 3 marks

- 1.2)** Using your answer for **1.1** and the **case study**, explain what happens in each stage in the African Traditional Culture. 3 marks

- 1.3)** There is one faith that has FOUR stages of life, one of these stages is known as baptism. What is the name of this faith? 1 mark

- 1.4)** Describe the physical sign that is part of baptism. 1 mark

1.5) In the Buddhist Rights of Passage, when a child is born, new clothes and a crib are prepared. Provide **TWO** more examples of what happens once a child is born. 2 marks

1.6.1) In the Hindu faith, the first Samskara takes place before birth. What is it used for? 2 marks

1.6.2) After 11 or 12 days the naming Samskara takes place. The father, priest and the mother have different roles. Explain the role of the father, priest and mother during the naming Samskara. 3 marks

Role of the father	
Role of the priest	
Role of the mother	

Total: /30

